



SAFETY DATA SHEET

SECTION 1 PRODUCT AND COMPANY INFORMATION

Product Name(s): ShelterSeal
Product Code(s): Not available
Uses: ShelterSeal is a fluid applied, highly flexible, water-based acrylic elastomeric waterproofing compound that has been custom designed to seal joints and seams between factory built housing modules when and where they require joining together. In addition ShelterSeal is perfect for providing similar long-term watertight integrity to shipping container conversions, in-situ modular housing and all other types of pre-fabricated 'flat-pack' modular buildings.
Company: AguaSeal Waterproofing Systems USA LLC
Address: 3609 River Road; Johns Island, SC 29455; USA
Telephone Number: (843) 614-9663 Fax Number: Not available.
Emergency Telephone Number: Not available.
Date Issued: April 19, 2016 Date Revised: April 19, 2016

This SDS complies with the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard 29CFR1910.1200 as revised in May 2012 (GHS). It may not meet requirements in other countries.

SECTION 2 HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

GHS Classification: **DANGER**
Carcinogen (Category 2)
Reproductive Toxin (Category 1)
Eye Irritation (Category 2B)
Skin Sensitization (Category 1)
Aquatic Acute Toxicity (Category 3)
Aquatic Chronic Toxicity (Category 3)



GHS Hazard Statements: Suspected of causing cancer
May damage fertility or the unborn child
Causes eye irritation
May cause an allergic skin reaction
Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects

GHS Precautionary Statements:

Prevention:
Obtain special instructions before use.
Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.
Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.
Wash hands/skin thoroughly after handling.
Avoid breathing mist/vapors/spray.

Response:

If exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.
If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
If on skin: Wash with plenty of water/soap.
If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention.
Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

SECTION 2 HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Contaminated work clothing must not be allowed out of the workplace. Collect spillage.

Avoid release to the environment.

Storage:

Store locked up.

Disposal:

Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

Hazards Not Otherwise Classified:

None.

GHS Assessment:

Approximately < 3% of this mixture consists of ingredient(s) of unknown acute toxicity.

Approximately < 8% of the mixture consists of ingredient(s) of unknown hazards to the aquatic environment.

SECTION 3 COMPOSITION / INGREDIENTS

Component	CAS Number	EC Number	Concentration
Water	7732-18-5	231-791-2	25.0 - 40.0%
Acrylic polymer(s)	Proprietary	---	15.0 - 30.0%
Calcium carbonate	1317-65-3	215-279-6	25.0 - 40.0%
Titanium dioxide	13463-67-7	236-675-5	1.0 - 10.0%
Zinc oxide	1314-13-2	215-222-5	1.0 - 5.0%
Dibutyl phthalate	84-74-2	201-557-4	0.1 - 1.0%
Octyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one, 2-	26530-20-1	247-761-7	0.1 - 0.3%
Diphenyl ketone	119-61-9	204-337-6	0.1 - 0.2%

Trade Secret Claims: Specific chemical identity and/or exact percentage (concentration) of components has been withheld as a trade secret.

SECTION 4 FIRST AID MEASURES

- First Aid - Eyes: In case of contact, immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Get medical attention, if irritation develops.
- First Aid - Skin: In case of contact, immediately flush skin with plenty of soap and water for at least 15 minutes while removing contaminated clothing and shoes. Get medical attention immediately if irritation or rash develops and/or persists. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.
- First Aid - Ingestion: If swallowed and feel unwell, call a physician or poison control center. DO NOT induce vomiting unless directed to do so by a physician or poison control center. If victim is fully conscious, give a cupful of water. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.
- First Aid - Inhalation: If respiratory symptoms or other symptoms of exposure develop, move victim away from source of exposure and into fresh air. If symptoms persist, seek immediate medical attention. If victim is not breathing, clear airway and immediately begin artificial respiration. If breathing difficulties develop, oxygen should be administered by qualified personnel. Seek immediate medical attention.

Important Symptoms / Effects – Acute and Tissue inflammation, rash, nausea.

SECTION 4 FIRST AID MEASURES

Delayed:

Advice to Physician: Treat symptomatically.

SECTION 5 FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

Extinguishing Media: Treat surrounding material. Water spray, dry chemical, carbon dioxide, or foam is recommended. Carbon dioxide can displace oxygen. Use caution when applying carbon dioxide in confined spaces.

Specific Hazards: This product is not flammable. This product may give rise to hazardous vapors in a fire. Vapors/fumes may be irritating, corrosive and/or toxic.

Protective equipment and procedures for fire-fighters. Wear full protective clothing and self-contained breathing apparatus.

Additional Advice: None.

SECTION 6 ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Spill Procedures: Wipe up spills with an absorbent towel/material and transfer into suitable containers for recovery or disposal. Finally flush area with water.

Personal Precautions: Wear suitable protective clothing and equipment.

Environmental Precautions: Prevent the material from entering drains or water courses. Do not discharge directly to a water source. Advise Authorities if spillage has entered watercourse or sewer or has contaminated soil or vegetation.

SECTION 7 HANDLING AND STORAGE

Handling: Wear appropriate personal protection (See Section 8) when handling this material. The work area should be equipped with a safety shower and eye wash station. If exposed to the liquid, avoid contact with skin and eyes. Wash thoroughly after handling. Avoid breathing mist or vapor. Use in a well-ventilated area.

Storage: Keep container(s) tightly closed. Use and store this material at temperatures below 30°C (86°F) away from heat, direct sunlight, and hot metal surfaces. Do not freeze. Keep away from any incompatible materials (see Section 10).

Additional Advice: Store in original container. Store as directed by the manufacturer.

SECTION 8 EXPOSURE CONTROLS AND PERSONAL PROTECTION

Occupational Exposure Standards: Exposure limits are listed below, if they exist.

Water: None.

Acrylic polymer(s): None.

Calcium carbonate: ACGIH TLV: 10 mg/m³ TWA.
OSHA PEL: 5 mg/m³ TWA (respirable).
OSHA PEL: 15 mg/m³ TWA (total dust).

Titanium dioxide: ACGIH TLV: 3 mg/m³ TWA (respirable).
ACGIH TLV: 10 mg/m³ TWA (inhalable).
OSHA PEL: 15 mg/m³ TWA (total dust).

Zinc oxide: ACGIH TLV: 2 mg/m³ TWA (respirable).
ACGIH TLV: 10 mg/m³ STEL (respirable).
OSHA PEL: 5 mg/m³ TWA (respirable).
OSHA PEL: 15 mg/m³ TWA (total dust).

SECTION 8 EXPOSURE CONTROLS AND PERSONAL PROTECTION

Dibutyl phthalate:	ACGIH TLV: 5 mg/m ³ TWA. NIOSH REL: 5 mg/m ³ TWA. OSHA PEL: 5 mg/m ³ TWA.
Octyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one, 2-:	None.
Diphenyl ketone:	None.
Engineering Control Measures:	Engineering methods to prevent or control exposure are preferred. Methods include process or personnel enclosure, mechanical ventilation (local exhaust), and control of process conditions.
Respiratory Protection:	A NIOSH certified self-contained breathing apparatus or air purifying respirator may be used under conditions where airborne concentrations are expected to exceed exposure limits.
Hand Protection:	The use of gloves impervious to the specific material handled is advised to prevent skin contact, possible irritation and skin damage (see glove manufacturer literature for information on permeability).
Eye Protection:	Approved eye protection (safety glasses with side-shields or goggles) to safeguard against potential eye contact, irritation, or injury is recommended. Depending on conditions of use, a face shield may be necessary.
Body Protection:	Impervious clothing should be worn as needed to prevent skin contact.

SECTION 9 PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Physical State:	Viscous paste
Color:	White; Light grey
Odor:	Faint, sweet
Odor Threshold:	Not available.
pH:	7 - 9
Melting Point/Range (°C/°F):	0°C / 32°F (water)
Boiling Point/Range (°C/°F):	100°C / 212°F (water)
Flash Point (PMCC) (°C/°F):	Non-flammable
Evaporation Rate:	Not available.
Flammability / Explosivity Limits in Air (%):	Not available.
Vapor Pressure:	23.8 mmHg (25°C) (water)
Vapor Density (Air = 1):	Not available.
Relative Density:	ca. 1.7 - 1.9
Solubility in Water:	Miscible
Partition Coefficient:	Not available.
Autoignition Temperature (°C/°F):	Not available.
Decomposition Temperature (°C/°F):	Not available.
Viscosity:	Not available.
Explosive Properties:	None.
Oxidizing Properties:	None.
Volatile Organic Content (VOC) (g/l):	ca. 30 - 45 g/l (as defined by 40CFR51.100)

SECTION 10 STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity:	Product will not undergo additional reaction.
Stability:	Stable under normal storage conditions.
Hazardous Polymerization:	Will not occur.
Conditions to Avoid:	Contact with incompatible materials, excessive heat (> 100°C).
Incompatibilities:	Strong oxidizers.
Hazardous Decomposition Products:	Oxides of carbon, oxides of nitrogen, oxides of phosphorus, metal oxides, acrylic monomers, aliphatic and aromatic compounds, toxic by-products.

SECTION 11 TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

If available, toxicity data for the product is given; otherwise component data is listed.

Acute Toxicity:	<p>This product is not expected to be appreciably toxic.</p> <p>(Water) No data.</p> <p>(Acrylic polymer(s)) Acute toxicity estimate (ATE) (oral) > 2000 mg/kg; Acute toxicity estimate (ATE) (dermal) > 2000 mg/kg</p> <p>(Calcium carbonate) Oral LD50 (rat) 6450 mg/kg</p> <p>(Titanium dioxide) Oral LD50 (rat) > 10,000 mg/kg; Dermal LD50 (rabbit) > 10,000 mg/kg; Inhalation LC50 (rat) > 6.8 mg/L (4 hr)</p> <p>(Zinc oxide) Oral LD50 (rat) > 5000 mg/kg; Inhalation LC50 (mouse) > 5-7 mg/L (4 hr)</p> <p>(Dibutyl phthalate) Oral LD50 (rat) 6279 mg/kg; Inhalation LC50 (rat) > 15.67 mg/l (4 hr)</p> <p>(Octyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one, 2-) Oral LD50 (rat) 550 mg/kg; Dermal LD50 (rabbit) 690 mg/kg</p> <p>(Diphenyl ketone) Oral LD50 (mouse) ca. 2895 mg/kg; Dermal LD50 (rabbit) 3535 mg/kg</p>
Skin Corrosion / Irritation:	<p>The product may be slightly irritating to the skin.</p> <p>(Water) No data.</p> <p>(Acrylic polymer(s)) May cause slight skin irritation.</p> <p>(Calcium carbonate) Mechanically irritating to skin (animal).</p> <p>(Titanium dioxide) No data.</p> <p>(Zinc oxide) Slightly irritating to skin (guinea pig / rabbit).</p> <p>(Dibutyl phthalate) Slightly irritating to skin (rabbit).</p> <p>(Octyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one, 2-) No data.</p> <p>(Diphenyl ketone) Non-irritating to skin (rabbit).</p>
Serious Eye Damage / Irritation:	<p>The product may be irritating to the eyes.</p> <p>(Water) No data.</p> <p>(Acrylic polymer(s)) Non-irritating to eyes.</p> <p>(Calcium carbonate) Mechanically irritating to eyes (animal).</p> <p>(Titanium dioxide) No data.</p> <p>(Zinc oxide) Slightly irritating to eyes (rabbit)</p> <p>(Dibutyl phthalate) Slightly irritating to eye (rabbit).</p> <p>(Octyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one, 2-) Irritating to eye with possible corneal damage (rabbit).</p> <p>(Diphenyl ketone) Slightly irritating to eye (rabbit).</p>
Respiratory or Skin Sensitization:	<p>The product may be dermally sensitizing.</p> <p>(Water) No data.</p> <p>(Acrylic polymer(s)) No data.</p> <p>(Calcium carbonate) No data.</p> <p>(Titanium dioxide) No data.</p> <p>(Zinc oxide) Not dermally sensitizing (human patch testing).</p> <p>(Dibutyl phthalate) Not dermally sensitizing (guinea pig).</p>

SECTION 11 TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

	<p>(Octyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one, 2-) Expected to possess sensitization potential to very low concentrations (0.05%). (Diphenyl ketone) Not dermally sensitizing (guinea pig).</p>
Mutagenicity:	<p>This product is not expected to be mutagenic. (Water) No data. (Acrylic polymer(s)) No data. (Calcium carbonate) Not genotoxic in Ames testing. (Titanium dioxide) Not genotoxic in Ames and Syrian hamster embryo cell testing. (Zinc oxide) Not genotoxic in Ames and E. coli testing. Positive results have been observed in mouse lymphoma and Syrian hamster embryo systems. Slight increase in chromosomal aberrations in rat bone marrow was reported after exposure to zinc oxide by inhalation. (Dibutyl phthalate) Not mutagenic (Ames test and micronucleus assay). Weakly mutagenic (bacterial gene mutation assay). (Octyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one, 2-) Not mutagenic (Ames test). (Diphenyl ketone) Not mutagenic (Ames test, DNA damage and repair assay, mammalian cell gene mutation assay and micronucleus assay).</p>
Carcinogenicity:	<p>This product may be carcinogenic. (Water) No data. (Acrylic polymer(s)) No data. (Calcium carbonate) Not carcinogenic (orally administered rats). (Titanium dioxide) Limited evidence for carcinogenicity in animals. There is inadequate evidence in humans. Studies related to inhalation of airborne particles. (Zinc oxide) Inadequate evidence in humans and animals. (Dibutyl phthalate) No data. (Octyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one, 2-) No data. (Diphenyl ketone) In a 2 -year carcinogenicity study (rat, mouse), there was equivocal or limited evidence of carcinogenic activity. Possibly carcinogenic in humans (IARC).</p>
Reproductive / Developmental Toxicity:	<p>This product may be reproductively and developmentally harmful. (Water) No data. (Acrylic polymer(s)) No data. (Calcium carbonate) Excessive oral consumption during pregnancy showed increased potential for cardiovascular, cerebral, neurologic, gastrointestinal and renal systems effects on offspring (human). (Titanium dioxide) No data. (Zinc oxide) In diets of of 0.5% in rats there was no retardation of growth; at 1% retarded growth was observed. In pregnant rats, dietary zinc oxide at 4000 ppm zinc causes resorption and death of fetuses. (Dibutyl phthalate) In a 2-generation study in orally-dosed rats, pregnancy and fertility indices for parents were significantly decreased (1% in diet). Testicular atrophy and decreased sperm count were observed. No indication of an effect on estrous sysles in females. (Octyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one, 2-) No data. (Diphenyl ketone) No significant reproductive/developmental effects were noted in orally-dosed rats.</p>
Chronic/Subchronic Toxicity: Specific Target Organ/Systemic Toxicity – Single Exposure:	<p>(Water) No data. (Acrylic polymer(s)) No data. (Calcium carbonate) No data. (Titanium dioxide) No data. (Zinc oxide) No data. (Dibutyl phthalate) No data. (Octyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one, 2-) No data. (Diphenyl ketone) No data.</p>

SECTION 11 TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Chronic/Subchronic	(Water) No data.
Toxicity: Specific Target	(Acrylic polymer(s)) No data.
Organ/Systemic Toxicity –	(Calcium carbonate) Renal and other systemic effects have been noted
Repeated Exposure:	(human). (Titanium dioxide) No data. (Zinc oxide) No data. (Dibutyl phthalate) No significant histomorphological changes were observed in orally-dosed rats over a 90 day study up to a concentration of 752 mg/kg/day. (Octyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one, 2-) No data. (Diphenyl ketone) Changes to the liver and kidneys were noted in orally-dosed rats in a 14 week study.
Aspiration Hazard:	This product does not pose an appreciable aspiration hazard.
Additional Information:	None.

SECTION 12 ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

If available, ecological data for the product is given; otherwise component data is listed.

Acute Ecotoxicity:	This product may be harmful to aquatic species. (Water) No data. (Acrylic polymer(s)) LC50 (Rainbow trout) > 100 mg/l/96 hr; EC50 (Daphnia magna) > 100 mg/l/48 hr (similar compounds). (Calcium carbonate) LC50 (mosquitofish) > 56,000 mg/l/24-96 hr. (Titanium dioxide) No data. (Zinc oxide) EC50 (tadpole) 3.2 mg/l/48 hr; LD0 (carp, forcefed) 228-262 mg/l/52 hr. (Dibutyl phthalate) LC50 (fathead minnow) 0.92 mg/l/96 hr; LC50 (Rainbow trout) 1.6 mg/l/96 hr; EC50 (Daphnia magna) ca. 2.99 mg/l/48 hr; EC50 (algae) 0.75 mg/l/10 day. (Octyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one, 2-) LC50 (fathead minnow) 0.14 mg/l/96 hr; EC50 (Daphnia magna) 0.18 mg/l/48 hr. (Diphenyl ketone) LC50 (Fathead minnow) 15.3 mg/l/96 hr; EC50 (Daphnia magna) 6.784 mg/l/48 hr; EC50 (algae) 3.5 mg/l/72 hr.
Mobility:	(Water) No data. (Acrylic polymer(s)) No data. (Calcium carbonate) No data. (Titanium dioxide) No data. (Zinc oxide) No data. (Dibutyl phthalate) Expected to have low mobility based upon log Koc values of 3.05-3.14. (Octyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one, 2-) No data. (Diphenyl ketone) Expected to have moderate to low mobility based upon Koc values of 430 and 517.
Persistence/Degradability:	(Water) No data. (Acrylic polymer(s)) Not biodegradable. (Calcium carbonate) No data. (Titanium dioxide) Not biodegradable. (Zinc oxide) No data. (Dibutyl phthalate) Readily biodegradable (81% in 28 days). (Octyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one, 2-) Readily biodegradable. (Diphenyl ketone) Readily biodegradable (66-84% in 28 days).
Bioaccumulation:	(Water) No data. (Acrylic polymer(s)) No data. (Calcium carbonate) No data. (Titanium dioxide) No data.

SECTION 12 ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

(Zinc oxide) No data.
(Dibutyl phthalate) BCFs of 3.1 to 176 were reported in various fish.
(Octyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one, 2-) A BCF of 165 indicates the potential for bioaccumulation is low.
(Diphenyl ketone) BCF values ranging from 3.4 to 12 suggest bioconcentration in aquatic organisms is low.

Other adverse effects: None.

SECTION 13 DISPOSAL CONSIDERATION

Environmental precautions: Prevent the material from entering drains or water courses. Do not discharge directly to a water source. Advise Authorities if spillage has entered watercourse or sewer or has contaminated soil or vegetation.

Product Disposal: Dispose in accordance with all local, state (provincial), and federal regulations. Under RCRA, it is the responsibility of the product's user to determine at the time of disposal, whether the product meets RCRA criteria for hazardous waste. This is because the product uses, transformations, mixtures, processes, etc. may render the resulting materials hazardous.

Container Disposal: Do not remove label until container is thoroughly cleaned. Empty containers may contain hazardous residues. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way.

SECTION 14 TRANSPORT INFORMATION

DOT (US):

Proper Shipping Name: Not regulated
UN Number: None.
Class: None.
Packaging Group: None.
Reportable Quantity: None.
Marine Pollutant: None.

IATA:

Proper Shipping Name: Not regulated
UN Number: None.
Class: None.
Packing Group: None.

IMDG:

Proper Shipping Name: Not regulated
UN Number: None.
Class: None.
Packing Group: None.
Marine Pollutant: None.

Transportation classifications may vary by container volume and may be influenced by regional or country variations in regulations.

SECTION 15 REGULATORY INFORMATION

US Toxic Substance Control Act:	All components of this product are in compliance with the inventory listing requirements of the U.S. Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Chemical Substance Inventory.
Canadian Domestic Substance List:	One or more component(s) of this product are not listed on the Canadian Domestic Substance List. Limited quantities may be permitted.
EU REACH:	One or more component(s) of this product have not been pre-listed or registered under REACH. Limited quantities may be permitted.
TSCA Sec.12(b) Export Notification:	This product does not contain a chemical at or above de minimis concentrations which requires reporting.
Canadian WHMIS Classification:	D.2.A; D.2.B This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the CPR and the SDS contains all of the information required by the CPR.
Massachusetts Right-To-Know:	This product contains materials subject to disclosure under the Massachusetts' Right-To-Know Law: <ul style="list-style-type: none">- Calcium carbonate- Titanium dioxide- Zinc oxide (as fume)- Dibutyl phthalate
New Jersey Right-To-Know:	This product contains materials subject to disclosure under the New Jersey's Right-To-Know Law: <ul style="list-style-type: none">- Calcium carbonate (4001)- Titanium dioxide (1861)- Zinc oxide (2037)- Dibutyl phthalate (0773)
Pennsylvania Right-To-Know:	This product contains materials subject to disclosure under the Pennsylvania's Right-To-Know Law: <ul style="list-style-type: none">- Calcium carbonate- Titanium dioxide- Dibutyl phthalate
California Proposition 65:	This product contains materials which the State of California has found to cause cancer, birth defects or other reproductive harm: <ul style="list-style-type: none">- Crystalline silica (< 0.3%) (as respirable particles)- Titanium dioxide (< 5.0%) (as respirable particles)- Diphenyl ketone (< 0.2%)- Dibutyl phthalate (< 0.7%)- Dioxane, 1,4- (trace)- Lead oxide (trace)- Cadmium oxide (trace)
SARA TITLE III-Section 311/312 Categorization (40 CFR 370):	Immediate (acute), delayed (chronic) hazard
SARA TITLE III-Section 313 (40 CFR 372):	This product contains materials which are listed in Section 313 at or above de minimis concentrations: <ul style="list-style-type: none">- Zinc oxide (as zinc compounds)- Dibutyl phthalate
CERCLA Hazardous Substance (40 CFR 302)	This product contains materials subject to reporting under CERCLA and Section 304 of EPCRA: <ul style="list-style-type: none">- Zinc oxide (as zinc compounds)- Dibutyl phthalate (10 pounds)
Water Hazard Class (WGK):	This product is water-endangering (WGK=2).

Other Chemical Inventories: Australia (AICS): One or more component(s) are not listed.
China (IECSC): One or more component(s) are not listed.
Japan (ENCS): One or more component(s) are not listed.
Korea (KCI): One or more component(s) are not listed.
Philippines (PICCS): One or more component(s) are not listed.

SECTION 16 OTHER INFORMATION

NFPA Rating - HEALTH: 1
NFPA Rating - FIRE: 1
NFPA Rating - REACTIVITY: 0
NFPA Rating - SPECIAL: NONE
SDS Date Issued: April 19, 2016
SDS Current Version: 1.0 Version Date: April 13, 2016
SDS Revision History: v1.0 Initial version.
Abbreviations: GHS: Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labeling of Chemicals
CAS#: Chemical Abstract Services Number
ACGIH: American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists
OSHA: Occupational Safety and Health Administration
NFPA: National Fire Protection Association
DOT: US Department of Transportation
RCRA: US Resource Conservation and Recovery Act
TLV: Threshold Limit Value
TWA: Time-Weighted Average
PEL: Permissible Exposure Limit
STEL: Short Term Exposure Limit
WEEL: Workplace Environmental Exposure Levels
AIHA: American Industrial Hygiene Association
NTP: National Toxicology Program
IARC: International Agency for Research on Cancer
R: Risk
S: Safety
LD50: Lethal Dose 50%
LC50: Lethal Concentration 50%
EC50: Effective Concentration 50%
BCF: Bioconcentration Factor
BOD: Biological Oxygen Demand
Koc: Soil Organic Carbon Partition Coefficient.
Tlm: Median Tolerance Limit
Key References: United States National Library of Medicine's TOXNET
Patty's Toxicology, 5th Edition
European Commission's Institute for Health and Consumer Protection
American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists
International Agency for Research on Cancer
United States National Toxicology Program
United States Occupational Safety and Health Administration
United States Department of Transportation
Supplier Material Safety Data Sheets
Disclaimer: *The data contained herein is based on information that the company believes to be reliable, but no expressed or implied warranty is made*

SECTION 16 OTHER INFORMATION

with regard to the accuracy of such data or its suitability for a given situation. Such data relates only to the specific product described and not to such products in combination with any other product and no agent of the company is authorized to vary any of such data. The company and its agents disclaim all liability for any action taken or foregone on reliance upon such data.

Prepared by:

ChemOne Compliance, LLC